Victims & participation



The development of victim participation in the Dutch criminal procedure (advisory right at the hearing)

Alex Sas – Victim Support NL

The victim's role



Witness







Civil claim as injured party (or aggrieved party)



The victim's role



Right to speak/Victim impact statement





- 1) Serious crimes described in the law
- 2) Victim can speak about consequences of the crime
- 3) Only the victim (or one surviving relative)



Voice?





Along came the new State Secretary of Security and Justice,

Fred Teeven:





First expansion: circle (2012) →

Parents

- More than one surviving relative
- Representative



Second expansion: content (proposal for new law 2013) →

Impact statement

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Advisory right



Questions of section 350 Code of Criminal Procedure:

- 1. Are the facts mentioned in the charge proven?
- 2. Which criminal offence?
- 3. Is the accused liable?
- 4. What sentence should be imposed?



- •An explicit reasoned point of view by the victim.
- •Victim can ask for additional investigations.

→ Reasoned decision by the court.



1. Victim can participate in the criminal proceedings to a greater extent (more voice).

2. Victim can make an informed decision to what extent he wants to participate (empowerment).



•Defense has the right to contest the statement of the victim
•Incrimination of the accused → victim can be questioned





Victim can become object of attack by the defense → Secondary victimization?





Legal assistance:

- Information
- Representation

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Victim Support NL?

Lawyer?





Patchwork?

Why not the victim as an auxiliary prosecutor? (In Germany: Nebenklage)